

(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS !)

**Catalog No: E-BC-K125-S**

**Specification: 50T(25 samples)/100T(50 samples)**

**Measuring instrument: Spectrophotometer (324 nm)**

**Detection range: 1.21-40 U/g fresh weight**

## **Elabscience<sup>®</sup> Choline Acetyltransferase (ChAT) Activity Assay Kit (Tissue Samples)**

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.  
If you have any problem, please contact our Technical Service Center for help:

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623

Tell: 1-832-243-6086

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: [techsupport@elabscience.com](mailto:techsupport@elabscience.com)

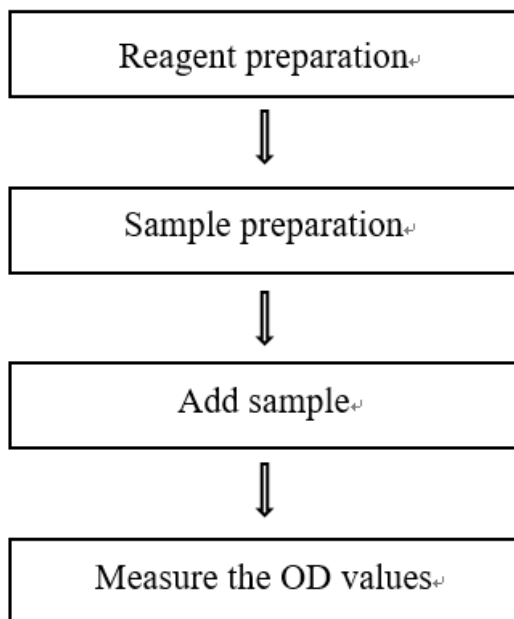
Website: [www.elabscience.com](http://www.elabscience.com)

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

## Table of contents

<b>Assay summary .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Intended use.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Detection principle .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Kit components &amp; storage .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Materials prepared by users .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Reagent preparation .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Sample preparation.....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Operating steps.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Calculation.....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Appendix I Performance Characteristics .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Appendix II Example Analysis .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Statement.....</b>	<b>11</b>

## Assay summary



## Intended use

This kit can be used to measure choline acetyltransferase (ChAT) activity in animal tissues samples.

## Detection principle

Acetyl-CoA can react with choline under the catalysis of choline acetyltransferase (ChAT) to produce coenzyme A (CoA), CoA can combine with the 4, 4-dithiopyridine. The activity of ChAT can be calculated indirectly by measuring the OD value at 324 nm.

## Kit components & storage

Item	Component	Size 1 (50Assays)	Size 2 (100Assays)	Storage
Reagent 1	Buffer Solution	13 mL ×1 vial	26 mL ×1 vial	2-8 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 2	Inhibitor	1.2 mL ×1 vial	1.2 mL ×1 vial	-20 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 3	Substrate A	Powder ×1 vial	Powder ×1 vial	-20 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 4	Substrate B	1.2 mL ×1 vial	1.2 mL ×2 vials	2-8 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 5	Accelerant A	3 mL ×1 vial	3 mL ×1 vial	2-8 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 6	Accelerant B	1.2 mL ×1 vial	1.2 mL ×2 vials	-20 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 7	Chromogenic Agent	2 mL ×1 vial	2 mL ×1 vial	2-8 ℃, 12 months

Note: The reagents must be stored strictly according to the preservation conditions in the above table. The reagents in different kits cannot be mixed with each other. For a small volume of reagents, please centrifuge before use, so as not to obtain sufficient amount of reagents.

## **Materials prepared by users**

### **Instruments:**

Spectrophotometer (324 nm), Micropipettor, Centrifuge, Incubator, Water bath, Vortex mixer

### **Reagents:**

Double distilled water, Normal saline (0.9% NaCl), PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4)

## **Reagent preparation**

① Equilibrate all the reagents to room temperature before use.

② The preparation of substrate A working solution:

Dissolve one vial of substrate A with 2.4 mL of double distilled water, mix well. Store at -20 °C for 3 months. Aliquoted storage at -20 °C, and avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles is advised.

③ The preparation of substrate working solution:

For each tube, prepare 300 µL of substrate working solution (mix well 210 µL of buffer solution, 10 µL of inhibitor, 20 µL of substrate A working solution, 20 µL of substrate B, 20 µL of accelerant A and 20 µL of accelerant B). The substrate working solution should be prepared on spot and used up within 3 hours.

## Sample preparation

### ① Sample preparation

#### Tissue sample:

- ① Harvest the amount of tissue needed for each assay (initial recommendation 20 mg).
- ② Wash tissue in cold PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4).
- ③ Homogenize 40 mg tissue in 160  $\mu$ L PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4) with a dounce homogenizer at 4  $^{\circ}$ C.
- ④ Centrifuge at 10000 $\times$ g for 10 min to remove insoluble material. Collect supernatant and keep it on ice for detection.

### ② Dilution of sample

The recommended dilution factor for different samples is as follows (for reference only):

Sample type	Dilution factor
20% Mouse brain tissue homogenate	1-2
20% Rat heart tissue homogenate	1
20% Rat liver tissue homogenate	1
20% Mouse kidney tissue homogenate	1
20% Rat lung tissue homogenate	1

Note: The diluent is normal saline (0.9% NaCl) or PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4). For the dilution of other sample types, please do pretest to confirm the dilution factor.

## Operating steps

### Prereatment

- ① Control tube: add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample into 2 mL EP tube, then incubate in 100  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath for 2 min.  
Sample tube: add nothing.
- ② Add 300  $\mu\text{L}$  of substrate working solution (preheated for 5 min) to control tube and sample tube.
- ③ Control tube: add nothing.  
Sample tube: add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample.
- ④ Mix fully and incubate at 37  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath for 20 min, then incubate in 100  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  water bath for 2 min to stop the reaction.
- ⑤ Add 850  $\mu\text{L}$  of double distilled water to each tube.
- ⑥ Mix fully and centrifuge at 3500 g for 10 min, then take 750  $\mu\text{L}$  of supernatant to the new corresponding 2 mL EP tube for chromogenic reaction.

### Chromogenic reaction

- ① Add 15  $\mu\text{L}$  of chromogenic agent to each tube.
- ② Mix fully and stand at room temperature for 15 min. Set spectrophotometer to zero with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and measure the OD value of each tube at 324 nm with cuvettes (1 cm optical path, 2 mm internal diameter).

## Calculation

### The sample:

**Definition:** the ability of transferring 1 nmol acetyl to choline by 1 g of fresh weight tissue at 37 °C and pH 7.2 is defined as 1 unit.

$$\frac{\text{ChAT activity}}{\text{U/g wet weight}} = \frac{A_2 - A_1}{t \times \epsilon \times d} \times \frac{V_2}{V_1} \div \frac{m}{V_3}$$

### [Note]

A<sub>1</sub>: the OD value of control

A<sub>2</sub>: the OD value of sample

t: the time of enzymatic reaction, 20 min.

ε: 1.98×10<sup>-5</sup> L/(nmol cm), the molar extinction coefficient of product at 324 nm.

d: the optical path of cuvette, 1 cm.

V<sub>1</sub>: the volume of sample, 50 μL.

V<sub>2</sub>: the total volume of reaction, 1200 μL.

V<sub>3</sub>: the volume of PBS added in sample preparation step, L.

m: the weight of sample in sample preparation step, g.

## Appendix I Performance Characteristics

### 1. Parameter:

#### Intra-assay Precision

Three mouse brain tissue samples were assayed in replicates of 20 to determine precision within an assay. (CV = Coefficient of Variation)

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (U/g fresh weight)	5.70	22.50	32.00
%CV	5.2	4.9	4.9

#### Inter-assay Precision

Three mouse brain tissue samples were assayed 20 times in duplicate by three operators to determine precision between assays.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (U/g fresh weight)	5.70	22.50	32.00
%CV	9.2	9.3	9.1

#### Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of the assay is 1.21 U/g wet weight. This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. obtained when the zero standard was assayed 20 times, and calculating the corresponding concentration.

## Appendix II Example Analysis

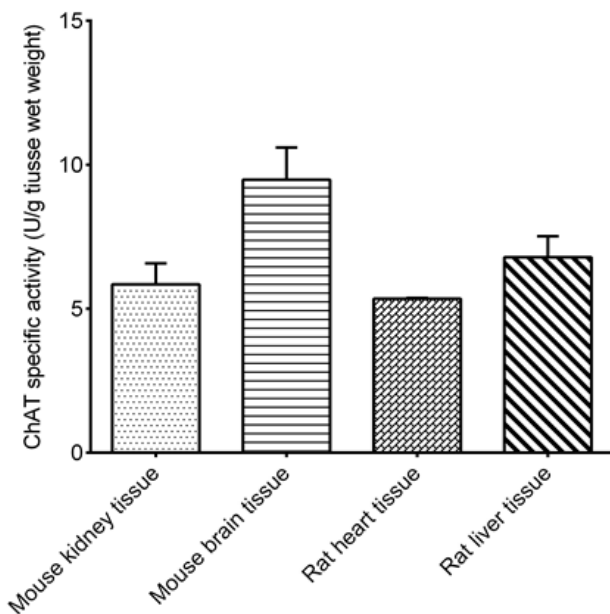
### Example analysis:

Take 50  $\mu$ L of 20% mouse kidney tissue homogenate sample and carry the assay according to the operation steps. The results are as follows:

The average OD value of the sample is 0.067, the average OD value of the control is 0.043, and the calculation result is:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ChAT activity} \\ (\text{U/g fresh weight}) &= (0.067 - 0.043) \div 20 \div 1.98 \times 100000 \times 1200 \div 50 \div 0.2 \times 0.8 \div 1000 \\ &= 5.82 \text{ U/g fresh weight} \end{aligned}$$

Detect 20% mouse kidney tissue homogenate, 20% mouse brain tissue homogenate, 20% rat heart tissue homogenate, 20% rat liver tissue homogenate according to the protocol, the result is as follows:



## **Statement**

1. This assay kit is for Research Use Only. We will not response for any arising problems or legal responsibilities causing by using the kit for clinical diagnosis or other purpose.
2. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instruments before the experiments. Please follow the instructions strictly during the experiments.
3. Protection methods must be taken by wearing lab coat and latex gloves.
4. If the concentration of substance is not within the detection range exactly, an extra dilution or concentration should be taken for the sample.
5. It is recommended to take a pre-test if your sample is not listed in the instruction book.
6. The experimental results are closely related to the situation of reagents, operations, environment and so on. Elabscience will guarantee the quality of the kits only, and NOT be responsible for the sample consumption caused by using the assay kits. It is better to calculate the possible usage of sample and reserve sufficient samples before use.

