

(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY, DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS!)

Ni Focurose 6FF (IDA)

Catalog No: E-CM-AF08

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.

May you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service Center for help.

Phone: 240-252-7368(USA) 240-252-7376(USA)

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Website: www.elabscience.com

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

Please read this manual carefully before use to ensure the performance and successful operation. If you have any questions, please contact our Technical Support.

Product introduction

Ni Focurose 6FF (IDA) can be used for separation and purification with the interactions between Ni^{2+} and some amino acids (mainly include histidine, cysteine, tryptophan) on the side chain of protein, and it is suitable for separation and purification of His-tagged protein and biological molecules which interact with Ni^{2+} .

Advantages

- 1. Quick and easy (one-step purification).
- 2. Wide application, simple-operation. Suitable for gravity column and prepacked column.
- 3. Multiple selection. Other metal ions (e.g. Cu^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Fe^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , etc.) can be used if Ni^{2+} cannot be applied well.

Note: Avoid of using PB buffer when coupled with Ca²⁺ (precipitate will occur).

Performance index

Matrix	Highly cross-linked 6% agarose	
Particle size range	45-165 μm	
Average particle size	90 μm	
Binding capacity	40-50 mg (His-tagged protein)/mL (media)	
pH stability*	3-12 (long-term)	
	2-14 (short term)	
Chemical stability	All of the commonly used solution. Avoid of chelating agent	
	(e.g. EDTA, EGTA) and reductant (e.g. DTT, DTE).	
Flow rate	300-600 cm/h	
	(0.3MPa, XK16/40. Column bed height:30 cm)	
Pressure	≤ 0.3 MPa	
Storage buffer	20% Ethanol	
Storage temperature	4~30°C	

^{*:} The stability of media when unchelated with metal ions.

Operation (take 1 mL column and 5 mL column for example)

1. Wash (water)

Wash the media with $5\sim10$ CV (column volume) of purified water with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min (1 mL) or 2.0 mL/min (5 mL).

Note: This operation is used to remove the 20% ethanol in media.

2. Equilibration

Balance the media with 5~10 CV of equilibrium liquid with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min (1 mL) or 2.0 mL/min (5 mL) until the baseline turns stable and then set to zero.

Note: This procedure is used to balance the media. Make sure that the pH and component in media are in accordance with sample.

3. Sample application

Apply the sample with flow rate of 0.2 mL/min (1 mL) or 1.0 mL/min (5 mL) after centrifugation and filtration (0.45 μ m). Wash with the equilibrium liquid until the baseline tends to zero.

Note: The binding capacity of proteins varies with the type of lysates, the properties of target proteins, flow rate, temperature, and pH. Low flow rates often increase the binding efficiency of samples.

4. Wash

Wash out the impurity substance with 5~10 CV of washing solution with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min (1 mL) or 2.0 mL/min (5 mL) and collect the washed solution.

Note: The washing solution is used to wash out some non-specific adsorbed impurity proteins.

5. Elution

Elute with 5~10 CV of eluent with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min (1 mL) or 2.0 mL/min (5 mL) and collect the eluted solution.

Note: Low flow rate may increase the concentration of target protein in the eluted solution.

6. Wash with water

Wash the media with $5\sim10$ CV of purified water with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min (1 mL) or 2.0 mL/min (5 mL).

Note: This procedure is used to remove the eluent in media.

7. Storage

Wash the media with $5\sim10$ CV of 20% ethanol with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min (1 mL) or 2.0 mL/min (5 mL) and the store the media.

Note: 20% ethanol can prevent the growth of microorganism. Media preserved with 20% ethanol can be stored at $4\sim30^{\circ}$ C ($4\sim8^{\circ}$ C is preferred).

8. Preparation of buffer

Equilibrium liquid: 0.02M PB, 0.5M NaCl, adjust the pH to 7.4. Store the prepared equilibrium liquid at room temperature.

Note: NaCl in equilibrium liquid is used to inhibit the ion exchange of media.

Washing buffer: 0.02M PB, 0.5M NaCl, 0.005-0.04M Iminazole, adjust the pH to 7.4. Store the prepared equilibrium liquid at room temperature.

Note: Add 0.005-0.04M Iminazole to the washing buffer (purity preferred) or to the equilibrium liquid directly (yield preferred) according to the final application demands.

Eluent: 0.02M PB, 0.5M NaCl, 0.5M Iminazole, adjust the pH to 7.4. Store the prepared eluent at room temperature.

Note: 0.05-0.25M Iminazole in eluent is enough to elute the target protein in general condition. If iminazole cannot acquire a good elution result, it is recommended to use the following eluent:

- (1) 0.02M PB, 0.5M NaCl, 1.0M NH₄Cl, adjust the pH to 7.4. Store the prepared eluent at room temperature.
- (2) 0.02M PB, 0.5M NaCl, adjust the pH to 3.5. Store the prepared eluent at room temperature. (This elution method will lead to abscission of metal ions, samples should be carried out with buffer-exchange to remove the metal ions. And the pH of eluted samples should be adjusted to neutral with 1.0M Tris-HCl (pH 9.0) to maintain the activity of target protein.
- (3) 0.02M PB, 0.5M NaCl, 0.05M EDTA, adjust the pH to 7.4. Store the prepared eluent at room temperature. (This elution method can strip metal ions directly from the media, samples should be carried out with buffer-exchange to remove the metal ions.

Cleaning

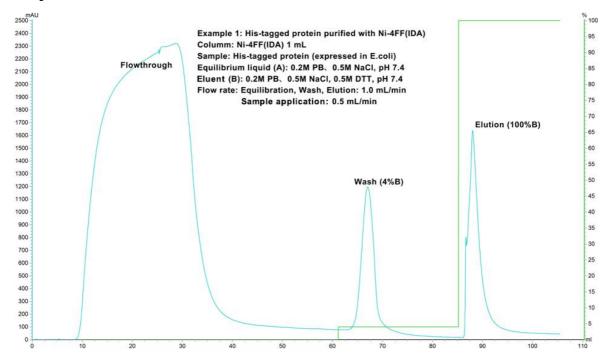
The excellent performance of media (e.g. loading ability, mobility, column efficiency, etc.) can be recovered after cleaning the strong coupling substance (e.g. some strong coupling protein, denatured protein, lipids, etc.).

It is recommended to wash the media after used for each 5 times. The exact washing frequency should be adjusted according to the cleanliness of the purified sample.

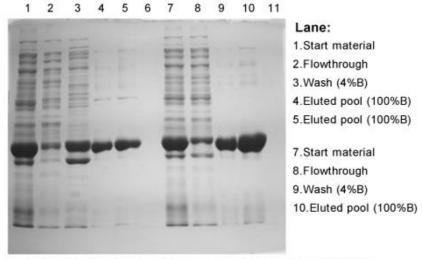
- 1. Wash the media with 5~10 CV of purified water.
 - Note: This procedure is used to remove the eluent (wash after using) or 20% ethanol (wash before using).
- 2. Wash the media with 5~10 CV of 0.02M Tris-HCl, 0.1M EDTA (pH 8.0), then wash the media with 5~10 CV of purified water immediately.
 - Note: This procedure is used to remove the Ni²⁺.
- 3. Wash the media with 5~10 CV of 1.0M NaOH. Wash the media until the pH to neutral with purified water after standing for 1 hour.
 - Note: This procedure is used to remove the precipitates or lipids accumulated in the media.
- 4. Wash the media with 5~10 CV of 0.1M NiSO₄, then wash the media with 5~10 CV of purified water after standing for 0.5 hour.
 - Note: This procedure is used to couple Ni²⁺.
- 5. Store the media after washed with 5~10 CV of 20% ethanol.
 - Note: 20% ethanol can prevent the growth of microorganism. Media preserved with 20% ethanol can be stored at $4\sim30^{\circ}$ C ($4\sim8^{\circ}$ C is preferred).

Application examples

Example 1:



Example 1: His-tagged protein purified with Ni-4FF(IDA)



Notes:Lane 1~5: samples without DTT .Lane 7~10: samples contain 0.02M DTT

Trouble shootings

Problem	Possible cause	Suggestion
	Overloading of sample volume.	Decrease the sample volume.
	Speed of sample loading is too	Reduce the flow speed of sample
	fast.	loading.
	Protein or lipids accumulate in the	Wash the media timely and
	media.	effectively.
The target compound	The expression condition is too	An empty vector is suggested to
does not combine with	severe that the His-tag was	set as control of expression and
the media or the	enwrapped and cannot combine	purification to check whether the
combining amount is low	with the media.	expression condition is suitable.
when purifying	The initial sample does not contain	Verify through the gene sequence
<u>-</u>	His-tagged protein.	or His-tag antibody.
		The target protein has not been
	The target protein occurs in the	expressed successfully, or the pH
	flowthrough.	and components in sample and
		equilibrium liquid were incorrect
No target compound was collected or only a small	The target compound does not	Confirm whether the target combine with media or not.
	combine with the media or the	
	combining amount is low.	combine with media of not.
	Unsuitable elution condition.	Increase the iminazole
		concentration in eluent.
	Insufficient elution time.	Decrease the flow rate and prolong
		the retention time of eluent.
	Insufficient elution volume.	Increase the elution volume
amount of target	Target protein was washed out	Decrease the iminazole
compound was collected	during the washing.	concentration in washing buffer.
		Check the stability of target
		compound in the elution buffer
	The target compound accumulates	(salt concentration, pH, etc.) Add
	in the elution buffer.	some additives into the eluent,
		such as 0.1%Triton X-100 or 0.5%
		Tween 20.

7th Edition, revised in April, 20	Sample has not been	Camples must be contributed on filtered
		Samples must be centrifuged or filtered
	pretreated.	before loading.
		Dilute the sample properly with
	High viscosity of sample.	equilibrium liquid to decrease the
		viscosity.
		Increase the washing volume until the
	Insufficient washing.	baseline smooth and keep consistence
		with equilibrium liquid.
	Impurity protein or lipids	Wash the media timely and effective.
	accumulate in the media.	
	Impurity substances have	Purify with other type of media (e.g.
Low purity of target compound	strong-affinity with Ni ²⁺ .	ion-sieve or molecular-sieve).
	The target compound	Determine the stability of target
	degrades	compound
	Bad loading effect of column	Reload or re-purchase.
	resin.	
		Add appropriate additive to reduce the
	Non-specificity absorption of	non-specific absorption, such as
	impurity materials.	0.5% Triton X-100, 1.0% Tween 20 or
		50% glycerol.
	The top of separation column	Reload the column or reduce the volume
	has a large volume of sample.	of the sample
	There is microbial grow in	Correctly store the media after used
	the media.	
Decrease of loading volume	Speed of sample loading is	Reduce the flow speed of sample
	too fast.	loading.
	Protein or lipids accumulate	
	in the media.	Wash the media timely.
	Ligand dropped off due to	Re-couple with new media.
	excessive use.	
	The expression condition is	An empty vector is suggested to set as
	too severe that the His-tag	control of expression and purification to
	was enwrapped and cannot	check whether the expression condition
	combine with the media.	is suitable.
	comome with the media.	is suitable.

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The chromatographic peak rises slowly	The media was loaded too tight.	Reload the column.
The chromatographic peak trails	The media was loaded too loose.	Reload the column.
The column bed cracks or	Leakage occurred or a large	Check whether there is leakage or
being dry	volume of bubbles was introduced.	bubble, reload the column.
Flow of the column is exceedingly slow	Protein or lipids accumulate in the	Wash the media or filter membrane
	media.	timely.
	Protein precipitates in the media.	Adjust the content of equilibrium
		liquid and wash buffer to maintain
		the stability of target compound
		and combining efficiency of
		media.
	There is microbial grow in the media.	Filter and degas all the reagents.
		Samples must be centrifuged or
		filtered before loading.