#### (FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY, DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS!)

Catalog No: E-BC-F006

**Specification:** 96T(40 samples)

Measuring instrument: Fluorescence Microplate Reader

(Ex/Em=535 nm/587 nm)

Detection range: 0.01-6.51 U/L

# Elabscience® Catalase (CAT) Activity Fluorometric Assay Kit

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product. If you have any problem, please contact our Technical Service Center for help:

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623

Tel: 1-832-243-6086

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

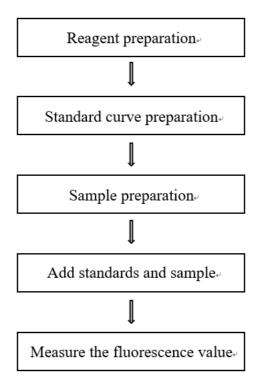
Website: www.elabscience.com

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

# **Table of contents**

Assay summary	3
Intended use	4
Detection principle	4
Kit components & storage	4
Materials prepared by users	5
Reagent preparation	5
Sample preparation	6
The key points of the assay	7
Operating steps	8
Calculation	9
Appendix I Performance Characteristics	10
Appendix II Example Analysis	12
Statement	13

# **Assay summary**



## **Intended use**

This kit can be used to measure Catalase (CAT) activity in serum, plasma, and tissue samples.

# **Detection principle**

Catalase can decompose  $H_2O_2$  to generate  $H_2O$  and  $O_2$ , the residual  $H_2O_2$  in the detection system react with the fluorescent substance, and the content of residual  $H_2O_2$  is proportional to the fluorescence intensity at the excitation wavelength of 535 nm and emission wavelength of 587 nm, the catalase activity is inversely proportional to the fluorescence intensity.

## Kit components & storage

Item	Component	Component Size (96 T)	
Reagent 1	Buffer Solution	60 mL ×1 vial	-20 ℃, 12 months
Reagent 2	Substrate	0.1 mL ×1 vial	-20 ℃, 12 months shading light
Reagent 3	Probe Solution	$0.12 \text{ mL} \times 1 \text{ vial}$	-20 ℃, 12 months shading light
Reagent 4	Enzyme Reagent	Powder ×1 vial	-20 ℃, 12 months shading light
Reagent 5	1 mol/L H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Standard Solution	0.4 mL ×1 vial	-20 ℃, 12 months shading light
	Black Microplate	96 wells	No requirement
	Plate Sealer	2 pieces	

Note: The reagents must be stored strictly according to the preservation conditions in the above table. The reagents in different kits cannot be mixed with each other. For a small volume of reagents, please centrifuge before use, so as not to obtain sufficient amount of reagents.

# Materials prepared by users

#### **Instruments:**

Fluorescence microplate reader (Ex/Em=535 nm/587 nm), Vortex mixer, Centrifuge

## Reagent preparation

- ① Equilibrate all the reagents to room temperature before use.
- ② The preparation of substrate application solution: Before testing, please prepare sufficient substrate application solution according to the test wells. For example, prepare 10 mL of substrate application solution (mix well 1 μL of substrate and 10 mL of double distilled water). The substrate application solution should be prepared on spot.
- ③ The preparation of enzyme application solution: Dissolve one vial of enzyme reagent with 120 μL of buffer solution, mix well to dissolve. Store at -20 °C for 1 month protected from light.
- ④ The preparation of chromogenic agent: For each well, prepare 50 uL of chromogenic agent (add 48 μL of buffer solution, 1 μL of probe solution and 1 μL of enzyme application solution, mix well.) The chromogenic agent should be prepared on spot and protected from light.
- $\odot$  The preparation of 100  $\mu$ mol/L  $H_2O_2$  solution: Dilute 1  $\mu$ L of 1 mol/L  $H_2O_2$  standard solution with 10 mL of double distilled water, mix well to dissolve.
- ⑥ The preparation of standard curve: Always prepare a fresh set of standards. Discard working standard dilutions after use.

Dilute  $100 \mu mol/L H_2O_2$  solution with double distilled water to a serial concentration. The recommended dilution gradient is as follows: 0, 1, 5, 10,

20, 30, 40,50  $\mu$ mol/L. Reference is as follows:

Item	1	2	3	4	(5)	6	7	8
Concentration (µmol/L)	0	1	5	10	20	30	40	50
100 μmol/L standard (μL)	0	5	25	50	100	150	200	250
Double distilled water (μL)	500	495	475	450	400	350	300	250

# Sample preparation

## **1** Sample preparation

**Serum, plasma and other liquid sample:** detect directly. If not detected on the same day, the serum or plasma can be stored at  $-80 \, \text{C}$  for a month.

## **Tissue sample:**

- ① Harvest the amount of tissue needed for each assay (initial recommendation 20 mg).
- ② Wash tissue in cold PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4).
- $\ \, \ \, \ \, \ \,$  Homogenize 20 mg tissue in 180  $\,\mu L$  buffer solution with a dounce homogenizer at 4  $\ \, \ \, \ \, \ \,$
- ④ Centrifuge at 10000×g for 10 min to remove insoluble material. Collect supernatant and keep it on ice for detection.
- Meanwhile, determine the protein concentration of supernatant
   (E-BC-K318-M).

# 2 Dilution of sample

The recommended dilution factor for different samples is as follows (for reference only):

Sample type	Dilution factor
Mouse serum	60-80
Mouse plasma	60-80
Rat serum	70-80
Human saliva	30-50
Rat urine	30-50
10% Mouse liver tissue homogenate	2500-3000
10% Mouse lung tissue homogenate	200-400
10% Rat muscle tissue homogenate	100-200
10% Rat brain tissue homogenate	40-50
10% Mouse kidney tissue homogenate	2000-2500

Note: The diluent is buffer solution. For the dilution of other sample types, please do pretest to confirm the dilution factor

# The key points of the assay

Dilute the samples to the optimal concentration for detection if the CAT activity of samples exceed the detection range.

# **Operating steps**

- ① Standard well: add 25  $\mu$ L of standard with different concentrations into the well. Sample well: add 25  $\mu$ L of sample into the well.
  - Control well: add 25  $\mu L$  of substrate working solution into the well.
- 2 Add 25  $\mu$ L of double distilled water into standard well. Add 25  $\mu$ L of substrate application solution into sample well.
- ③ Mix fully with microplate reader for 10 s and incubate at  $37 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 5 min.
- 4 Add 50 µL of chromogenic agent into each wells.
- ⑤ Add 25 μL of sample into control well.
- ⑥ Mix fully with microplate reader for 10 s and stand at room temperature for 10 min. Measure the fluorescence intensity at the excitation wavelength of 535 nm and the emission wavelength of 587 nm.

## **Calculation**

#### The standard curve:

- 1. Average the duplicate reading for each standard.
- 2. Subtract the mean fluorescence value of the blank (Standard #①) from all standard readings. This is the absoluted fluorescence value.
- 3. Plot the standard curve by using absoluted fluorescence value of standard and correspondent concentration as y-axis and x-axis respectively. Create the standard curve (y = ax + b) with graph software (or EXCEL).

#### The sample:

## 1. Serum (plasma) sample:

**Definition:** The amount of CAT in 1 L of serum or plasma that decompose 1  $\mu$ mol  $H_2O_2$  per minute at 37  $\circ$ C is defined as 1 unit.

CAT activity (U/L) = 
$$(\Delta F - b) \div a \div 5 \times f$$

## 2. Tissue sample:

**Definition:** The amount of CAT in 1 g of tissue protein that decompose 1  $\mu$ mol  $H_2O_2$  per minute at 37 °C is defined as 1 unit.

CAT activity (U/gprot) = 
$$(\Delta F - b) \div a \div 5 \times \div C_{pr}$$

# [Note]

 $\Delta F$ : The absolute fluorescence value of sample,  $F_{Control} - F_{Sample}$ .

5: the reaction time, 5 min.

f: Dilution factor of sample before tested.

C<sub>pr</sub>: Concentration of protein in sample, gprot/L

# **Appendix I Performance Characteristics**

#### 1. Parameter:

#### **Intra-assay Precision**

Three human serum samples were assayed in replicates of 20 to determine precision within an assay. (CV = Coefficient of Variation)

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (U/L)	0.80	3.00	5.40
%CV	4.2	3.5	2.5

## **Inter -assay Precision**

Three human serum samples were assayed 20 times in duplicate by three operators to determine precision between assays.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean (U/L)	0.80	3.00	5.40
%CV	7.5	6.0	6.9

# Recovery

Take three samples of high concentration, middle concentration and low concentration to test the samples of each concentration for 6 times parallelly to get the average recovery rate of 92%.

	Standard 1	Standard 2	Standard 3
Expected Conc.(µmol/L)	3	25	38
Observed Conc.(µmol/L)	2.7	23.3	35.3
Recovery rate (%)	90	93	93

## **Sensitivity**

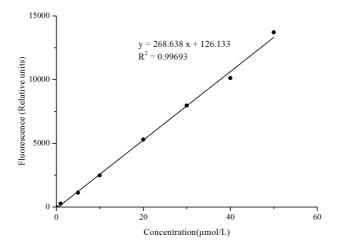
The analytical sensitivity of the assay is 0.01 U/L. This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. obtained when the zero standard was assayed 20 times, and calculating the corresponding concentration.

# 2. Standard curve:

As the OD value of the standard curve may vary according to the conditions of the actual assay performance (e.g. operator, pipetting technique or temperature effects),

so the standard	curve and	data are	provided	l as belo	w for ref	erence or	ıly:

Concentration	0	1	5	10	20	20	40	50
(µmol/L)	0	1	3	10	20	30	40	30
Fluorescence	102	351	1209	2542	5341	7984	10023	13847
value	101	351	1229	2603	5434	8133	10396	13778
Average	102	351	1219	2572	5387	8058	10209	13812
fluorescence value	102	102   331	31 1219 2372	2372	3367	8038	10209	13612
Absoluted	0	249	1117	2471	5286	7957	10108	13711
fluorescence value	U	249	111/	24/I	3280	1931	10108	13/11



## **Appendix Π Example Analysis**

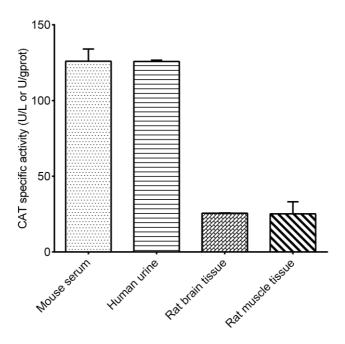
## **Example analysis:**

For Mouse serum, dilute mouse serum with buffer solution for 70 times, take 25  $\mu$ L of diluted sample and carry the assay according to the operation steps. The results are as follows:

standard curve: y = 268.77 x -55.205, the average fluorescence value of the sample is 8120, the average fluorescence value of the control is 10483, and the calculation result is:

CAT activity (U/L) = 
$$(10483 - 8120 + 55.205) \div 268.77 \div 5 \times 70 = 125.96 \text{ U/L}$$

Detect mouse serum (dilute for 70 times), human urine (dilute for 30 times), 10% rat brain tissue homogenate (the concentration of protein is 6.08 gprot/L dilute for 50 times), 10% rat muscle tissue homogenate (the concentration of protein is 6.73 gprot/L dilute for 400 times) according to the protocol, the result is as follows:



#### Statement

- 1. This assay kit is for Research Use Only. We will not response for any arising problems or legal responsibilities causing by using the kit for clinical diagnosis or other purpose.
- 2. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instruments before the experiments. Please follow the instructions strictly during the experiments.
- 3. Protection methods must be taken by wearing lab coat and latex gloves.
- 4. If the concentration of substance is not within the detection range exactly, an extra dilution or concentration should be taken for the sample.
- 5. It is recommended to take a pre-test if your sample is not listed in the instruction book.
- 6. The experimental results are closely related to the situation of reagents, operations, environment and so on. Elabscience will guarantee the quality of the kits only, and NOT be responsible for the sample consumption caused by using the assay kits. It is better to calculate the possible usage of sample and reserve sufficient samples before use.