

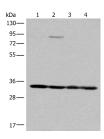
Tel:240-252-7368(USA) Fax: 240-252-7376(USA) techsupport@elabscience.com Website: www.elabscience.com

MRPL1 Polyclonal Antibody

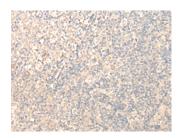
Catalog No.E-AB-18675ReactivityHStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsWB,IHC,ELISAIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Western blot analysis of K562 HEPG2 231 and Jurkat cell lysates using MRPL1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:350



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human tonsil tissue using MRPL1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:25(×200)

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Fusion protein of human MRPL1

Gene Accession BC014356 **Swissprot** Q9BYD6

Synonyms 39S ribosomal protein

L1,BM022,L1mt,mitochondrial,MRP L1,MRP-

L1,Mrpl1,RM01

Product Information

Calculated MW 37 kDa

Observed MW Refer to figures

Buffer PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol,pH7.4

Purify Antigen affinity purification

Dilution WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC 1:30-1:150, ELISA

1:5000-1:10000

Background

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein that belongs to the L1 ribosomal protein family.