Elabscience®

HTT Polyclonal Antibody

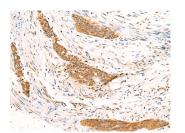
Catalog No.	E-AB-52008	Reactivity	H,R
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.	Host	Rabbit
Applications	IHC,ELISA	Isotype	IgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human tonsil tissue using HTT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:30(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using HTT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:30(×200)

Immunogen Information

0	
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide of human HTT
Gene Accession	NP002102
Swissprot	P42858
Synonyms	AI256365,HD protein,HD,HDH,HTT,Huntingtin,HUNTINGTON CHOREA,IT 15,IT15,ZHD

Product Information

Buffer	PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol,pH7.4
Purify	Antigen affinity purification
Dilution	IHC 1:40-1:200, ELISA 1:5000-1:10000

Background

Huntingtin is a disease gene linked to Huntington's disease, a neurodegenerative disorder characterized by loss of striatal neurons. This is thought to be caused by an expanded, unstable trinucleotide repeat in the huntingtin gene, which translates as a polyglutamine repeat in the protein product. A fairly broad range of trinucleotide repeats (9-35) has been identified in normal controls, and repeat numbers in excess of 40 have been described as pathological. The huntingtin locus is large, spanning 180 kb and consisting of 67 exons. The huntingtin gene is widely expressed and is required for normal development. It is expressed as 2 alternatively polyadenylated forms displaying different relative abundance in various fetal and adult tissues. The larger transcript is approximately 13.7 kb and is expressed predominantly in adult and fetal brain whereas the smaller transcript of approximately 10.3 kb is more widely expressed. The genetic defect leading to Huntington's disease may not necessarily eliminate transcription, but may confer a new property on the mRNA or alter the function of the protein. One candidate is the huntingtin-associated protein-1, highly expressed in brain, which has increased affinity for huntingtin protein with expanded polyglutamine repeats. This gene contains an upstream open reading frame in the 5' UTR that inhibits expression of the huntingtin gene product through translational repression.

For Research Use Only

Thank you for your recent purchase. If you would like to learn more about antibodies, please visit www.elabscience.com. Focus on your research Service for life science

Applications:WB-Western Blot IHC-Immunohistochemistry IF-Immunofluorescence IP-Immunoprecipitation FC-Flow cytometry ChIP-Chromatin Immunoprecipitation Reactivity: H-Human R-Rat M-Mouse Mk-Monkey Dg-Dog Ch-Chicken Hm-Hamster Rb-Rabbit Sh-Sheep Pg-Pig Z-Zebrafish X-Xenopus C-Cow.