

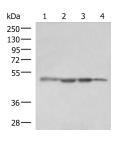
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RHAG Polyclonal Antibody

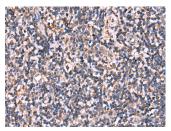
Catalog No.E-AB-52939ReactivityH,MStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsWB,IHC,ELISAIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

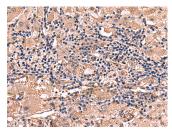
Images



Western blot analysis of HepG2 cell Human fetal liver tissue K562 cell NIH/3T3 cell lysates using RHAG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1600



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human tonsil tissue using RHAG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:110(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human liver cancer tissue using RHAG Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:110(×200)

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Fusion protein of human RHAG

Gene Accession BC012605 **Swissprot** Q02094

Synonyms CD241,Rh50 GP,RH50A,Rh50GP,Rhesus blood

group family type A glycoprotein, SLC42A1

Product Information

Calculated MW 44 kDa

Observed MW Refer to figures

Buffer PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol,pH7.4

Purify Antigen affinity purification

Dilution WB 1:1000-1:5000, IHC 1:50-1:300, ELISA

1:5000-1:10000

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is erythrocyte-specific and is thought to be part of a membrane channel that transports ammonium and carbon dioxide across the blood cell membrane. The encoded protein appears to interact with Rh blood group antigens and Rh30 polypeptides. Defects in this gene are a cause of regulator type Rh-null hemolytic anemia (RHN), or Rh-deficiency syndrome.RHAG (Rh-Associated Glycoprotein) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with RHAG include Anemia, Hemolytic, Rh-Null, Regulator Type and Stomatocytosis I. Among its related pathways are Transport of glucose and other sugars, bile salts and organic acids, metal ions and amine compounds and Erythrocytes take up carbon dioxide and release oxygen. GO annotations related to this gene include ankyrin binding and ammonium transmembrane transporter activity. An important paralog of this gene is RHCG.

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