

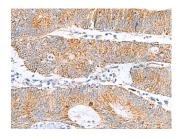
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GCSH Polyclonal Antibody

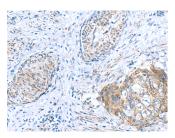
Catalog No.E-AB-53060ReactivityH,M,RStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsIHC,ELISAIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using GCSH Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human cervical cancer tissue using GCSH Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60(×200)

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Fusion protein of human GCSH

Gene Accession BC000790 **Swissprot** P23434

Synonyms GCE,GCSH,GCSH,Mitochondrial glycine cleavage

system H protein,NKH

Product Information

Buffer PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol,pH7.4

Purify Antigen affinity purification

Dilution IHC 1:50-1:200, ELISA 1:5000-1:10000

Background

Degradation of glycine is brought about by the glycine cleavage system, which is composed of four mitochondrial protein components: P protein (a pyridoxal phosphate-dependent glycine decarboxylase), H protein (a lipoic acid-containing protein), T protein (a tetrahydrofolate-requiring enzyme), and L protein (a lipoamide dehydrogenase). The protein encoded by this gene is the H protein, which transfers the methylamine group of glycine from the P protein to the T protein. Defects in this gene are a cause of nonketotic hyperglycinemia (NKH). Two transcript variants, one protein-coding and the other probably not protein-coding, have been found for this gene. Also, several transcribed and non-transcribed pseudogenes of this gene exist throughout the genome.