

Anti-2019-nCoV S-mIgG1 Neutralizing Antibody

E-AB-V1022

Application	Neutralization, ELISA	Host	Mouse
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.	Clone No.	8A5

Important Note Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Details

Immunogen	Recombinant 2019-nCoV S-trimer Protein (His Tag)
Isotype	IgG1
Host	Mouse
Clone No.	8A5
Reactivity	SARS-COV2
Dilution	ELISA: 1:1,000-1:2,000
Storage Buffer	PBS, pH 7.4
Stability & Storage	Ships on ice packs. Store at -20°C
Description	Antibody recognizes 2019-nCoV S Protein/ 2019-nCoV S-RBD Protein and block ACE-2 receptor binding. The IgG fraction of the cell culture supernatant was purified by Protein A affinity chromatography.

Antigen Information

Alternate Names coronavirus s1, coronavirus s2, coronavirus spike, cov spike, nCoV RBD, nCoV s1, nCoV s2, nCoV spike, novel coronavirus RBD, novel coronavirus s1, novel coronavirus s2, novel coronavirus spike, RBD, S1, s2, Spike RBD

Background Protein S (PROS1) is glycoprotein and expressed in many cell types supporting its reported involvement in multiple biological processes that include coagulation, apoptosis, cancer development and progression, and the innate immune response. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2, DPP4, CEACAM etc.. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. It's been reported that 2019-nCoV can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

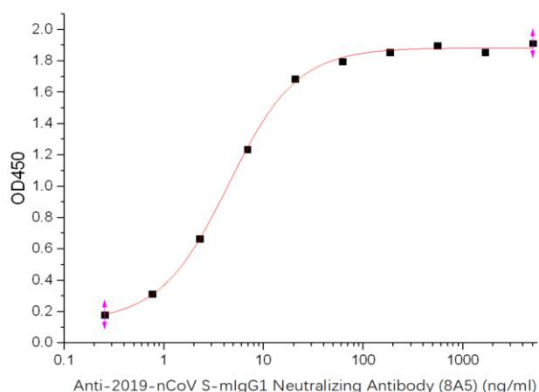
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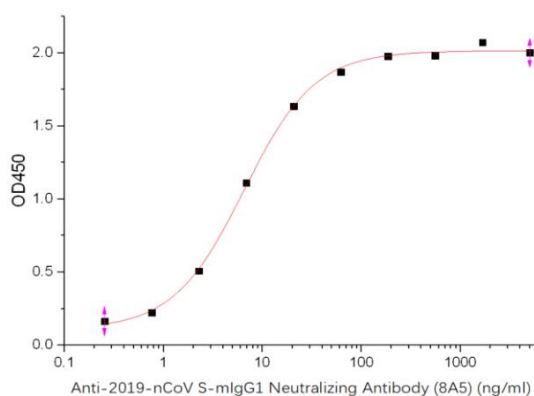
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Applications: Activ- Activation; Block- Blocking; Separation- Cell Separation ; Cell Sep-Neg- Cell Separation by Negative Selection; FA- Functional Assay; Neut- Neutralization; Stim- Stimulation; FCM- Flow Cytometry; ICFCM: Intracellular Staining for Flow Cytometry; WB- Western Blotting; IHC- Immunohistochemistry; IF- Immunofluorescence; IP- Immunoprecipitation

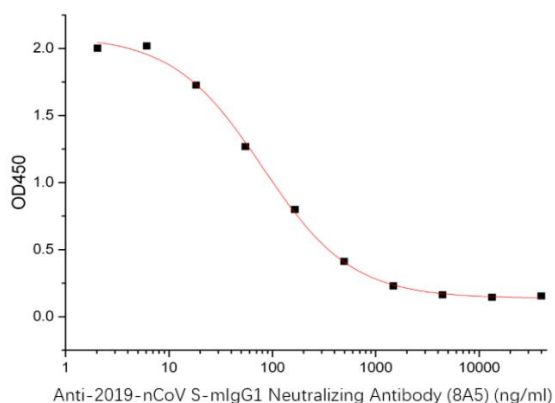
Images



Immobilized Recombinant 2019-nCoV S-trimer Protein (C-6His)(Cat#PKSR030489) at 5.0 µg/mL (100 uL/well) can bind Anti-2019-nCoV S-mIgG1 Neutralizing Antibody (8A5), the EC50 is 4.43 ng/mL.



Immobilized Recombinant Recombinant 2019-nCoV S Protein RBD-SD1 (C-6His) (Cat#PKSR030477) at 5.0 ug/mL (100 uL/well) can bind Anti-2019-nCoV S-mIgG1 Neutralizing Antibody (8A5), the EC50 is 6.5 ng/mL.



Anti-2019-nCoV S-mIgG1 Neutralizing Antibody(8A5) can block Human ACE-2 Protein (Avi-His Tag)(Cat#PKSR030493) and 2019-nCoV S-trimer Protein(Cat#PKSR030489) interaction, the IC50 for this effect is 80 ng/mL.

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