

SARS-COV-2 Spike S2 Polyclonal Antibody(2019-nCoV)

E-AB-V1010

Host Rabbit

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Important Note Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Details

Immunogen	Recombinant 2019-nCoV S2 Protein (ECD, His Tag)
Isotype	IgG
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	SARS-COV2 Spike S2
Dilution	ELISA: 1:5,000-1:10,000
Storage Buffer	0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS
Stability & Storage	Ships on ice packs. Store at -20°C
Description	Produced in rabbits immunized with Recombinant 2019-nCoV S2 Protein (ECD, His Tag)[PKSR030505]. The specific IgG was purified by Recombinant 2019-nCoV S2 Protein affinity chromatography.

Antigen Information

Alternate Names coronavirus s2,coronavirus spike,cov spike,ncov,ncov s2,ncov spike,novel coronavirus s2,novel coronavirus spike,s2

Background Protein S (PROS1) is glycoprotein and expressed in many cell types supporting its reported involvement in multiple biological processes that include coagulation, apoptosis, cancer development and progression, and the innate immune response. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2, DPP4, CEACAM etc.. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. It's been reported that 2019-nCoV can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion.The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

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Applications:Activ- Activation; Block- Blocking; Separation- Cell Separation ; Cell Sep-Neg- Cell Separation by Negative Selection; FA- Functional Assay; Neut- Neutralization; Stim- Stimulation; FCM- Flow Cytometry; ICFM: Intracellular Staining for Flow Cytometry; WB- Western Blotting; IHC- Immunohistochemistry; IF- Immunofluorescence; IP- Immunoprecipitation