

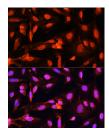
Tel:240-252-7368(USA) Fax: 240-252-7376(USA) techsupport@elabscience.com Website: www.elabscience.com

SGOL1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No.E-AB-66712ReactivityH,M,RStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsIFIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of U20S cells using SGOL1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human SGOL1

(NP_612493.1).

GeneID 151648 **Swissprot** Q5FBB7

Synonyms SGO1,CAID,NY-BR-85,SGO,SGOL1

Product Information

Buffer PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Purify Affinity purification **Dilution** IF 1:50-1:200

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the shugoshin family of proteins. This protein is thought to protect centromeric cohesin from cleavage during mitotic prophase by preventing phosphorylation of a cohesin subunit. Reduced expression of this gene leads to the premature loss of centromeric cohesion, mis-segregation of sister chromatids, and mitotic arrest. Evidence suggests that this protein also protects a small subset of cohesin found along the length of the chromosome arms during mitotic prophase. An isoform lacking exon 6 has been shown to play a role in the cohesion of centrioles (PMID: 16582621 and PMID:18331714). Mutations in this gene have been associated with Chronic Atrial and Intestinal Dysrhythmia (CAID) syndrome, characterized by the co-occurrence of Sick Sinus Syndrome (SSS) and Chronic Intestinal Pseudo-obstruction (CIPO) within the first four decades of life (PMID:25282101). Fibroblast cells from CAID patients exhibited both increased cell proliferation and higher rates of senescence. Pseudogenes of this gene have been found on chromosomes 1 and 7. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.