

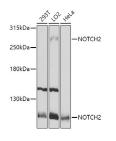
Tel:240-252-7368(USA) Fax: 240-252-7376(USA) techsupport@elabscience.com Website: www.elabscience.com

NOTCH2 Polyclonal Antibody

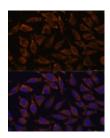
Catalog No.E-AB-62152ReactivityH,M,RStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsWB,IFIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using NOTCH2 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



Immunofluorescence analysis of L929 cells using NOTCH2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human NOTCH2

GeneID 4853 **Swissprot** Q04721

Synonyms NOTCH2, AGS2, HJCYS, hN2, notch 2

Product Information

Calculated MW 265kDa Observed MW 120kDa

Buffer PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Purify Affinity purification

Dilution WB 1:500-1:2000,IF 1:50-1:200

Background

This gene encodes a member of the Notch family. Members of this Type 1 transmembrane protein family share structural characteristics including an extracellular domain consisting of multiple epidermal growth factorlike (EGF) repeats, and an intracellular domain consisting of multiple, different domain types. Notch family members play a role in a variety of developmental processes by controlling cell fate decisions. The Notch signaling network is an evolutionarily conserved intercellular signaling pathway which regulates interactions between physically adjacent cells. In Drosophilia, notch interaction with its cell-bound ligands (delta, serrate) establishes an intercellular signaling pathway that plays a key role in development. Homologues of the notch-ligands have also been identified in human, but precise interactions between these ligands and the human notch homologues remain to be determined. This protein is cleaved in the trans-Golgi network, and presented on the cell surface as a heterodimer. This protein functions as a receptor for membrane bound ligands, and may play a role in vascular, renal and hepatic development. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

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