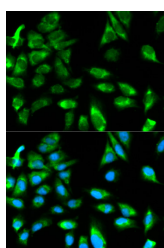


TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody

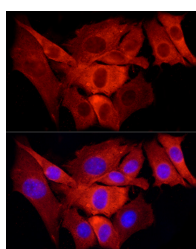
Catalog No.	E-AB-60118	Reactivity	H
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.	Host	Rabbit
Applications	IF	Isotype	IgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

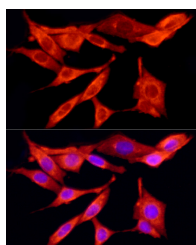
Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using TRAF6 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of PC-12 cells using TRAF6 Polyclonal antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Immunogen Information

Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human TRAF6
GeneID	7189
Swissprot	Q9Y4K3
Synonyms	TRAF6,MGC:3310,RNF85

Product Information

Calculated MW	59kDa
Observed MW	Refer to figures
Buffer	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
Purify	Affinity purification
Dilution	IF 1:50-1:200

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF receptor associated factor (TRAF) protein family. TRAF proteins are associated with, and mediate signal transduction from, members of the TNF receptor superfamily. This protein mediates signaling from members of the TNF receptor superfamily as well as the Toll/IL-1 family. Signals from receptors such as CD40, TNFSF11/RANCE and IL-1 have been shown to be mediated by this protein. This protein also interacts with various protein kinases including IRAK1/IRAK, SRC and PKCzeta, which provides a link between distinct signaling pathways. This protein functions as a signal transducer in the NF-kappaB pathway that activates I kappaB kinase (IKK) in response to proinflammatory cytokines. The interaction of this protein with UBE2N/UBC13, and UBE2V1/UEV1A, which are ubiquitin conjugating enzymes catalyzing the formation of polyubiquitin chains, has been found to be required for IKK activation by this protein. This protein also interacts with the transforming growth factor (TGF) beta receptor complex and is required for Smad-independent activation of the JNK and p38 kinases. This protein has an amino terminal RING domain which is followed by four zinc-finger motifs, a central coiled-coil region and a highly conserved carboxyl terminal domain, known as the TRAF-C domain. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants, encoding an identical protein, have been reported.

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