Elabscience®

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Anti-MERS-CoV Spike Polyclonal Antibody

E-AB-V1292

Application WB Host Rabbit

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Important Note Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Product Details

Immunogen Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike Protein (S1+S2 ECD, aa 1-1297, His Tag)

IsotypeIgGHostRabbitReactivityMERS-CoV

Dilution WB 1:1000-1:5000

Storage Buffer0.2 μm filtered solution in PBSStability & StorageShips on ice packs. Store at -20°C

Description This antibody was produced in rabbits immunized with purified Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike

Protein (S1+S2 ECD, aa 1-1297, His Tag). And the antibody was purified by MERS-CoV

(NCoV / Novel coronavirus) Spike affinity chromatography..

Antigen Infomation

Alternate Names coronavirus s1,coronavirus s2,coronavirus spike,cov spike,ncov RBD,ncov s1,ncov s2,ncov

spike, RBD, S, s1, Spike RBD

Background The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain

receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizingantibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

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Images



Western Blot analysis of Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike Protein (S1+S2 ECD, aa 1-1297, His Tag)(PKSV030236 with 5ng, 1ng and 0.5ng) using Anti-MERS-CoV Spike Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.