

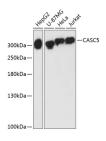
Tel:240-252-7368(USA) Fax: 240-252-7376(USA) techsupport@elabscience.com Website: www.elabscience.com

CASC5 Polyclonal Antibody

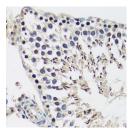
Catalog No.E-AB-64459ReactivityH,RStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsWB,IHCIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

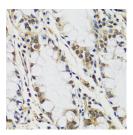
Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using CASC5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:3000.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Rat testis using CASC5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Human colon using CASC5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human CASC5

(NP_733468.3).

GeneID 57082 **Swissprot** Q8NG31

Synonyms AF15Q14,CASC5,CT29,D40,MCPH4,PPP1R55,Spc

7,hKNL-1,hSpc105,KNL1

Product Information

Calculated MW 195kDa/205kDa/262kDa/265kDa

Observed MW 300kDa

Buffer PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Purify Affinity purification

Dilution WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:50-1:100

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a component of the multiprotein assembly that is required for creation of kinetochore-microtubule attachments and chromosome segregation. The encoded protein functions as a scaffold for proteins that influence the spindle assembly checkpoint during the eukaryotic cell cycle and it interacts with at least five different kinetochore proteins and two checkpoint kinases. In adults, this gene is predominantly expressed in normal testes, various cancer cell lines and primary tumors from other tissues and is ubiquitously expressed in fetal tissues. This gene was originally identified as a fusion partner with the mixed-lineage leukemia (MLL) gene in t(11;15)(q23;q14). Mutations in this gene cause autosomal recessive primary microcephaly-4 (MCPH4). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Additional splice variants have been described but their biological validity has not been confirmed.

For Research Use Only

Thank you for your recent purchase

If you would like to learn more about antibodies, please visit www.elabscience.com.

Focus on your research Service for life science