

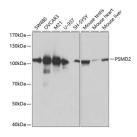
Tel:240-252-7368(USA) Fax: 240-252-7376(USA) techsupport@elabscience.com Website: www.elabscience.com

PSMD2 Polyclonal Antibody

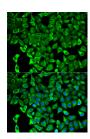
Catalog No.E-AB-60547ReactivityH,MStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsWB,IFIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using PSMD2 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:500 dilution.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using PSMD2 Polyclonal Antibody Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human PSMD2

GeneID 5708 **Swissprot** Q13200

Synonyms PSMD2,P97,RPN1,S2,TRAP2

Product Information

Calculated MW 82kDa/85kDa/100kDa

Observed MW 108kDa

Buffer PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Purify Affinity purification

Dilution WB 1:500-1:2000,IF 1:50-1:200

Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes one of the non-ATPase subunits of the 19S regulator lid. In addition to participation in proteasome function, this subunit may also participate in the TNF signalling pathway since it interacts with the tumor necrosis factor type 1 receptor. A pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 1. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants of this gene.

For Research Use Only

Thank you for your recent purchase

If you would like to learn more about antibodies, please visit www.elabscience.com.

Focus on your research Service for life science