

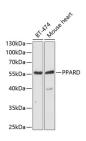
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PPARD Polyclonal Antibody

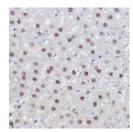
Catalog No.E-AB-61045ReactivityH,M,RStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsWB,IHCIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using PPARD Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded rat liver using PPARD Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human PPARD

GeneID 5467 **Swissprot** Q03181

Synonyms PPARD,FAAR,NR1C2,NUC1,NUCI,NUCII,PPARB

Product Information

Calculated MW 38kDa/40kDa/45kDa/49kDa

Observed MW 54KDa

Buffer PBS with 0.01% thiomersal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Purify Affinity purification

Dilution WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:200

Background

This gene encodes a member of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) family. PPARs are nuclear hormone receptors that bind peroxisome proliferators and control the size and number of peroxisomes produced by cells. PPARs mediate a variety of biological processes, and may be involved in the development of several chronic diseases, including diabetes, obesity, atherosclerosis, and cancer. This protein is a potent inhibitor of ligand-induced transcription activity of PPAR alpha and PPAR gamma. It may function as an integrator of transcription repression and nuclear receptor signaling. The expression of this gene is found to be elevated in colorectal cancer cells. The elevated expression can be repressed by adenomatosis polyposis coli (APC), a tumor suppressor protein related to APC/beta-catenin signaling pathway. Knockout studies in mice suggested the role of this protein in myelination of the corpus callosum, lipid metabolism, and epidermal cell proliferation. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.