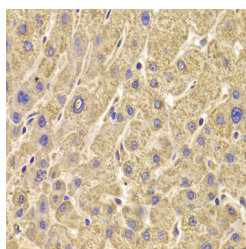


## PEX5 Polyclonal Antibody

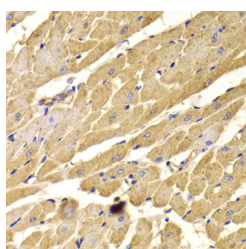
<b>Catalog No.</b>	E-AB-61116	<b>Reactivity</b>	H,M,R
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.	<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Applications</b>	IHC,IF	<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

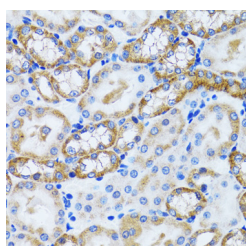
### Images



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver tissue using PEX5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Rat heart tissue using PEX5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse kidney tissue using PEX5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

### Immunogen Information

<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant fusion protein of human PEX5 (NP_000310.2).
<b>GeneID</b>	5830
<b>Swissprot</b>	P50542
<b>Synonyms</b>	PEX5,PBD2A,PBD2B,PTS1-BP,PTS1R,PXR1,RCD P5

### Product Information

<b>Buffer</b>	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
<b>Purify</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC 1:50-1:200 IF 1:50-1:200

### Background

The product of this gene binds to the C-terminal PTS1-type tripeptide peroxisomal targeting signal (SKL-type) and plays an essential role in peroxisomal protein import. Peroxisins (PEXs) are proteins that are essential for the assembly of functional peroxisomes. The peroxisome biogenesis disorders (PBDs) are a group of genetically heterogeneous autosomal recessive, lethal diseases characterized by multiple defects in peroxisome function. The peroxisomal biogenesis disorders are a heterogeneous group with at least 14 complementation groups and with more than 1 phenotype being observed in cases falling into particular complementation groups. Although the clinical features of PBD patients vary, cells from all PBD patients exhibit a defect in the import of one or more classes of peroxisomal matrix proteins into the organelle. Defects in this gene are a cause of neonatal adrenoleukodystrophy (NALD), a cause of Zellweger syndrome (ZWS) as well as may be a cause of infantile Refsum disease (IRD). Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

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