

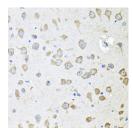
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# **AKAP5 Polyclonal Antibody**

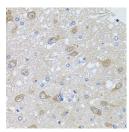
Catalog No.E-AB-63852ReactivityH,M,RStorageStore at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.HostRabbitApplicationsIHCIsotypeIgG

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Images**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Mouse brain using AKAP5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded Rat brain using AKAP5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).

### **Immunogen Information**

**Immunogen** Recombinant fusion protein of human AKAP5

(NP\_004848.3).

**GeneID** 9495 **Swissprot** P24588

**Synonyms** AKAP5,AKAP75,AKAP79,H21

#### **Product Information**

**Buffer** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Purify** Affinity purification **Dilution** IHC 1:100-1:200

## **Background**

The A-kinase anchor proteins (AKAPs) are a group of structurally diverse proteins, which have the common function of binding to the regulatory subunit of protein kinase A (PKA) and confining the holoenzyme to discrete locations within the cell. This gene encodes a member of the AKAP family. The encoded protein binds to the RII-beta regulatory subunit of PKA, and also to protein kinase C and the phosphatase calcineurin. It is predominantly expressed in cerebral cortex and may anchor the PKA protein at postsynaptic densities (PSD) and be involved in the regulation of postsynaptic events. It is also expressed in T lymphocytes and may function to inhibit interleukin-2 transcription by disrupting calcineurin-dependent dephosphorylation of NFAT.