

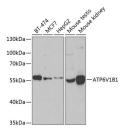
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# ATP6V1B1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-61380 Reactivity H,M Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. **Storage** Host Rabbit **Applications IgG Isotype** 

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using ATP6V1B1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

# **Immunogen Information**

**Immunogen** Recombinant fusion protein of human ATP6V1B1

(NP\_001683.2).

GeneID 525 **Swissprot** P15313

**Synonyms** ATP6V1B1,ATP6B1,RTA1B,VATB,VMA2,VPP3

#### **Product Information**

Calculated MW 56kDa **Observed MW** 57kDa

**Buffer** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Purify** Affinity purification Dilution WB 1:500-1:2000

# **Background**

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c", and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is one of two V1 domain B subunit isoforms and is found in the kidney. Mutations in this gene cause distal renal tubular acidosis associated with sensorineural deafness.